सुदूरपश्चिम प्रदेश

प्रदेश निजामती सेवा र स्थानीय सरकारी सेवा अन्तरगत स्वास्थ्य सेवा, प्याथोलोजी समूह, जनरल प्याथोलोजी उपसमूह नवीं तह वा सो सरह पदको खुला, अन्तर तह र आन्तरिक प्रतियोगितात्मक परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

यस पाठ्यक्रम योजनालाई निम्न अनुसार दुई चरणमा विभाजन गरिएको छ:

प्रथम चरण (First Phase) : लिखित परीक्षा (Written Examination)

द्वितीय चरण (Second Phase): अन्तरवार्ता (Interview)

परीक्षा योजना (Examination Scheme)

प्रथम चरण : लिखित परीक्षा (Written Examination)

पत्र	विषय	खण्ड	पूर्णांक	उतीर्णांक	परीक्षा प्रणाली		प्रश्न संख्या ×अंक	समय
प्रथम	General Subjects	(क)	50	40	Subjective	Short Answer	6 x 5	3.00 hrs.
		Management			, and the second	Long Answer	2 x 10	
		(ख) General Health Issues	50		Subjective	Short Answer Long Answer	4 x 5 3 x 10	
द्वितीय	Technical Subject		100	40	Subjective	Critical Analysis	4 x 15	3.00 hrs.
					Subjective	Problem Solving	2 x 20	

द्वितीय चरण : अन्तरवार्ता (Interview) पूर्णांक : २५

द्रष्टव्य:

- १. लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम भाषा नेपाली वा अंग्रेजी अथवा नेपाली र अंग्रेजी दुबै हुन सक्नेछ।
- २. स्वास्थ्य सेवा अन्तरगतका सबै समूह/सबै उपसमूहहरूको लागि <u>प्रथम पत्र</u> को पाठ्यक्रमको विषयवस्तु एउटै हुनेछ। तर <u>द्वितीय</u> <u>पत्र</u> Technical Subject को पाठ्यक्रम समूह/उपसमूह अनुरुप फरक फरक हुनेछ।
- ३. प्रथम पत्र को लिखित परीक्षा समूह/उपसमूहहरुका लागि संयुक्त रुपमा एउटै प्रश्नपत्रबाट एकैदिन वा छुट्टाछुट्टै प्रश्नपत्रबाट छुट्टाछुट्टै दिन पनि हुन सक्नेछ। तर द्वितीय पत्र को परीक्षा समूह/उपसमूह अनुसार अलग अलग दिन छुट्टाछुट्टै प्रश्नपत्रबाट हुनेछ।
- ४. प्रथम पत्रको खण्ड (क) र खण्ड (ख) को लागि छुट्टाछुट्टै उत्तरपुस्तिका हुनेछन। (खण्ड क को लागि एउटा र खण्ड ख को लागि एउटा) भने द्वितीय पत्रको लागि प्रत्येक प्रश्नका उत्तरपुस्तिकाहरु छुट्टाछुट्टै हुनेछन्।
- ५. यस पाठ्यक्रममा जे सुकै लेखिएको भएता पनि पाठ्यक्रममा परेका ऐन, नियम तथा नीतिहरु परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ महिना अगाडि संसोधन भएका वा संशोधित भई कायम रहेका वा थप गरी संशोशित भई कायम रहेका लाई यस पाठ्यक्रममा परेको सम्झनु पर्दछ।
- ६. प्रथम चरणको लिखित परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरुलाई मात्र द्वितीय चरणको अन्तरवार्तामा सम्मिलित गराईने छ।
- ७. पाठ्यक्रम लागु मिति : २०८१।१०।१० गते देखि ।

पूर्णांक : २००

पर्णांक : २५

पूर्णांक : २००

सुदूरपश्चिम प्रदेश

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प्रथम पत्र : General Subject

(Management and General Health issues)

खण्ड – (क) : 50 Marks

(Management)

- 1. Management: concept, principles, functions, scope, role, level and skills of managers
- 2. Hospital management
- 3. Participative management : concept, advantages and disadvantages, techniques of participation
- 4. Time management : concept, advantages, and disadvantages
- 5. Conflict management : concept, approaches to conflict, levels of conflict, causes of conflict and strategies for conflict management, Negotiation skills
- 6. Stress management : concept, causes and sources of stress, techniques of stress management
- 7. Appreciative inquiry: concept, basic principles and management
- 8. Human resource management: concept, functions and different aspects, HRM strategy
- 9. Planning: concept, principles, nature, types, instrument and steps, logical framework
- 10. Financial management : concept, approaches, budget formulation and implementation, auditing and topics related to fiscal management, procurement, supply chain management, e-LMIS
- 11. Leadership : concept, functions, leadership styles, leadership and management effectiveness
- 12. Coordination : concept, need, types, techniques, and approaches of effective coordination
- 13. Communication : concept, communication process and barrier to effective Communication, techniques for improving communication
- 14. Health manpower recruitment and development
- 15. Organizational structure of Federal, provincial health related ministry
- 16. Governance : Good governance system in Health Sector
- 17. Health system, WHO Six Building blocks
- 18. Sudurpashchim Province Civil Service Act and Regulation
- 19. Procurement Act, 2063 & Sudurpashchim Pradesh Procurement Regulation, 2078
- 20. Sudurpashchim Pradesh Good Governance Act, 2075

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सुदूरपश्चिम प्रदेश

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> खण्ड – (ख) : 50 Marks (General Health Issues)

- 1. The Constitution of Nepal (health and welfare issues)
- 2. National and Provincial Health Policy and Public Health Act
- 3. Health Sector in current 5 year Sudurpashchim provincial plan
- 4. Health Services Act 2053, Health Service Regulation, 2055
- 5. International Health Agencies: multilateral, bilateral, NGOs/INGOs working in Sudurpashchim province
- 6. Health related Professional Council and related regulations
- 7. Medical ethics in general and its application
- 8. Indigenous and traditional faith healing and health mal-practices in context of Sudurpashchim Province
- 9. Supervision, types and its usage in health sector
- 10. Monitoring and evaluation system in health sector
- 11. Health Management Information System
- 12. Social Health insurance, health care financing and concept of co-payment
- 13. Importance of water, sanitation and hygiene in public health
- 14. Disaster and emergency management in health sector, HOPE
- 15. Effect of environment in public health: air pollution, water pollution, soil and noise pollution
- 16. FCHVs involvement in health service delivery
- 17. Community involvement in health service delivery
- 18. Counseling: concept, type, importance and its application in health service delivery
- 19. Cross cutting issues: GESI, Climate change, health in all policy

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सुदुरपश्चिम प्रदेश

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द्वितीय पत्र : Technical Subject

1. Histopathology

- 1.1. Identify and describe the gross anatomic and microscopic alteration in the surgically removed specimens and autopsy specimens. Interpret and diagnose when clinical and operative data are provided.
- 1.2. Explain the principles of laboratory techniques and perform the procedures in histopathology laboratory

2. Cytopathology

- 2.1. Interpret and diagnose the morphological changes in cytological specimens when clinical and operative data are provided.
- 2.2. Explain the principles of laboratory techniques and perform the common procedures in cytopathology laboratory.
- 2.3. Perform fine needles aspiration techniques.

3. Hematopathology

- 3.1. Plan a strategy for investigating haematological disorders and perform and interpret them.
- 3.2. Perform haematological procedures and interpret the results.
- 3.3. Interpret and diagnose the morphological changes in the blood and bone marrow specimens.
- 3.4. Perform a bone marrow aspiration.

4. Clinical Microbiology

- 4.1. Routine and special tests of urine, stool and body fluids
- 4.2. Staining technique, Gram's stain, AFB stain.
- 4.3. Aerobic and anaerobic culture and sensitivity
- 4.4. Common serological tests.

5. Clinical Chemistry

- 5.1. Interpretation and procedure of routine clinical chemistry tests.
- 5.2. Equipments: Spectrophotometer, Colorimeter, Flame photometer, Blood gas analyzer, Auto analyzer.

6. Autopsy Pathology

- 6.1. Dissection of body partial/whole
- 6.2. Preparation of provisional anatomical diagnosis and final anatomical diagnosis

7. Blood Bank

- 7.1. Blood preservation
- 7.2. Haematophoresis
- 7.3. Blood grouping and cross matching

8. Immunology

- 8.1. Basic immunology
- 8.2. Immunological techniques used for diagnostic purpose and their principles.

9. Medical Statistics and Information Technology

सुद्रपश्चिम प्रदेश

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1. Histopathology

- 1.1. Describe the gross anatomy and histology of specimens and tissues of gastrointestinal (GIT), cardiovascular (CVS) and respiratory (RS) systems.
- 1.2. Describe the normal physiology of above systems.
- 1.3. Identify and describe the gross anatomical alterations in the surgically removed specimens.
- 1.4. Correlate the gross pathological diagnosis of the lesions of gastrointestinal (GIT), cardiovascular (CVS) and respiratory (RS) system with the given clinical information.
- 1.5. Explain different types and functions of fixatives in histopathology laboratory.
- 1.6. Explain different types of chemicals and equipment used in tissue processing and perform the procedure.
- 1.7. Explain the steps and principles of H and E staining and mounting and perform them.
- 1.8. Interpret the microscopic findings of various types of lesions of gastrointestinal (GIT), cardiovascular (CVS) and respiratory (RS) system.
- 1.9. Recall the biochemical changes in a tissue or organ in above mentioned conditions.
- 1.10. Diagnose the above mentioned lesions and differentiate them from other similar lesions in view of the clinical findings provided.
- 1.11. Describe the gross anatomy and histology of specimens and tissues of renal electrolytes and reproductive systems.
- 1.12. Describe the normal physiology of renal electrolytes and reproductive systems.
- 1.13. Describe metabolism of carbohydrate, fat protein, nucleic acids, vitamins, copper and minerals.
- 1.14. Identify and describe the gross anatomical alterations in the surgically removed specimen of renal electrolytes respiratory systems and metabolic disorders.
- 1.15. Correlate the gross pathological diagnosis of the lesions of renal electrolytes and reproductive systems with clinical data.
- 1.16. Interpret the microscopic findings of various lesions of renal electrolyte reproductive system and metabolic disorders.
- 1.17. Diagnose and differentiate with various other lesions of above mentioned system.
- 1.18. Describe the gross anatomy and histology of specimen and tissues from musculoskeletal system, neuro sensory systems, eye, ENT and skin.
- 1.19. Describe the normal physiology of the above mentioned systems.
- 1.20. Describe the gross anatomical alterations in the surgically removed specimen of above mentioned systems.
- 1.21. Correlate the gross findings with the microscopic features and clinical presentations.
- 1.22. Explain the use of museum and importance of preservation of specimens.
- 1.23. Frozen Section
 - 1.23.1. Describe the principle and function of cryostat.
 - 1.23.2. Perform frozen section of intraoperative specimens and diagnose.

सुदुरपश्चिम प्रदेश

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2. Cytopathology

- 2.1. Describe the normal cell morphology in vaginal, cervical and endometrial specimens and sputum specimen.
- 2.2. Prepare the above mentioned smears, fix and stain with Pap staining and mount them.
- 2.3. Describe different types of fixatives used in cytopathological laboratory and explain their functions.
- 2.4. Perform fine needle aspiration biopsy procedure, prepare wet and dry smears fix and stain the slides with Pap stain and Giemsa stain.
- 2.5. Explain the principle of Pap stain and Giemsa stain.
- 2.6. Interpret the cellular morphological changes in sputum, vaginal, cervical and endometrial specimen and neoplastic conditions.
- 2.7. Correlate with the clinical findings and diagnose.
- 2.8. Describe the different methods of preparing smears from body fluids including urine and CSF.
- 2.9. Describe the principles of cytocentrifuge and Millipore filtration.
- 2.10. Describe the normal cell morphology in brushing, washing and body fluids smears.
- 2.11. Interpret the cellular morphological changes in brushing, washing and body fluid smears in different inflammatory, non-inflammatory, non-neoplastic and neoplastic conditions.
- 2.12. Correlate the findings with the clinical findings and diagnose them.
- 2.13. Explain sex chromatin. Describe the methods of obtaining and preparation of smears for the examination of sex chromatin.
- 2.14. Interpret the findings.
- 2.15. Describe the congenital anomalies in relation to sex chromosome.
- 2.16. Interpret FNAC smears and diagnose the lesions.

3. Haematopathology

- 3.1. Explain the normal hemopoiesis.
- 3.2. Describe the erythropoiesis.
- 3.3. Describe the structure, function, synthesis and metabolism of haemaglobin.
- 3.4. Classify the different types of Anaemias.
- 3.5. Explain the aetiopathogenesis and morphological findings in the peripheral and bone marrow smears in different types of anaemia and correlate with clinical data and diagnose correctly.
- 3.6. Perform routine as well as the following haematological tests and explain their principle:
 - 3.6.1. Reticulocyte count
 - 3.6.2. Osmotic fragility test
 - 3.6.3. Foetal haemoglobin
 - 3.6.4. LE cell phenomenon
 - 3.6.5. Hb electrophoresis
 - 3.6.6. Serum Iron, Folic acid, Vit B12
 - 3.6.7. Total Iron binding capacity
 - 3.6.8. Serum ferritin
- 3.7. Perform a fine needle bone marrow aspiration and stain with Wright's stain.

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- 3.8. Interpret and diagnose the morphological changes in the blood and bone marrow specimen.
- 3.9. Perform the common haematological procedures and interpret the results.
- 3.10. Perform cytochemical test and interpret.
- 3.11. Classify Leukaemia
- 3.12. Identify different types and their morphological features
- 3.13. Explain principles and interpretation of
 - 3.13.1. Bleeding time
 - 3.13.2. Clotting time
 - 3.13.3. Prothrombin time
 - 3.13.4. Activated partial thromboplastine time
 - 3.13.5. Platelet function test
 - 3.13.6. Factor VII and IX Assay
 - 3.13.7. Bence Jones protein
- 3.14. Plan a strategy of investigations for common haematological diseases.

4. Clinical Microbiology

- 4.1. Perform the routine examination of urine and faeces and interpret the findings correctly.
- 4.2. Perform complete examination of CSF
- 4.3. Perform examination of peripheral blood for blood parasites.
- 4.4. Semen analysis
- 4.5. Identify the common aerobic and anaerobic bacteria in a culture plate.
- 4.6. Perform the Gram's stain and identify the common bacteria.
- 4.7. Perform sensitivity reactions of common bacteria.
- 4.8. Explain the principle of Gram's stain and ZN stain.
- 4.9. Explain the importance of collection of specimens of culture.
- 4.10. Explain principle of HbSAg, HIV tests.

5. Clinical Chemistry

- 5.1. Perform and interpret correctly the routine clinical chemistry tests.
- 5.2. Explain the working principles of spectrophotometer, colorimeter, flame photometer, blood gas analyzer, electrophoresis and automation in laboratory medicine.

6. Autopsy Pathology

- 6.1. Perform a complete/partial autopsy.
- 6.2. Identify the gross and microscopic features found in autopsy body and tissue sections respectively and correlate it with clinical history and diagnosis.
- 6.3. Write the provisional and final anatomical diagnosis reports correctly.

7. Blood Bank

- 7.1. Perform blood grouping and Rh typing tests and cross matching.
- 7.2. Perform Coombs test
- 7.3. Explain the principles and interpretations of above tests

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8. Immunology

- 8.1. Observe and interpret simple immunological tests e.g.:
 - 8.1.1. Agar Gel precipitation
 - 8.1.2. Haemaglutination
 - 8.1.3. Immunoelecrophoresis
 - 8.1.4. Identification of T and B cells in peripheral blood
 - 8.1.5. Immuno Fluorescence technique
 - 8.1.6. Counter current electrophoresis for demonstration of antigen
 - 8.1.7. ELISA techniques.
 - 8.1.8. Explain the principle lying behind these tests.
 - 8.1.9. Explain the principle of fluorescent microscopy.

9. Medical Statistics and Information Technology

- 9.1. Explain the importance of statistical methods in assessing data from patient material and experimental studies, correlation coefficient, expected versus observed and their interpretations.
- 9.2. Calculate mean, standard deviation and standard error from given experimental data.
- 9.3. Familiarity with the use of the computer and other telecommunication devices like the fax for the storage, retrieval and sending of information.
- 9.4. Search for information in the Internet by electronic mail.

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